

Administratum

- Subject: Science at it's best
- Investigators at a major research institution have recently discovered the heaviest element known to science. This startling new discovery has been tentatively named Administratum (Ad).
- This new element has no protons or electrons, thus having an atomic number of 0. It does, however, have 1 neutron, 125 assistant neutrons, 75 assistant assistant neutrons, and 111 coordinator neutrons, giving it an atomic mass of 312.
- These 312 particles are held together by a force called morons, which are surrounded by vast quantities of lepton-like particles called peons.
- Since it has no electrons, Administratum is inert. However, it can be detected, as it impedes every reaction with which it comes in contact. According to the discoverers, a minute amount of Administratum causes one reaction to take over four days to complete when it would normally take less than a second.
- Administratum has a normal half-life of approximately three years; it does not decay but instead undergoes a reorganization in which a portion of the assistant neutrons, assistant assistant neutrons, and coordinator neutrons exchange places
- In fact, an Administratum sample's mass will actually increase over time, since with each reorganization some of the morons inevitably become neutrons, forming new isodopes.
- This characteristic of moron promotion leads some scientists to speculate that Administratum is formed whenever morons reach a certain quantifying concentration. This hypothetical quantity is referred to as the
- "Critical Morass";. You will know it when you see it